AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Claims 31, 33, 35, 38 and 39 have been amended as follows: <u>Underlines</u> indicate insertions and strikethrough indicate deletions. Claims 32, 34 and 44 are cancelled. Claims 45 and 46 are newly added.

Listing of claims:

 (withdrawn) A stem cell expansion factor comprising a blocker which reduces expression level of at least one gene normally limiting HOX-induced expansion of stem cells, whereby reducing expression level of said gene enhances expansion of stem cells containing a HOX peptide.

2-8. (cancelled)

- 9. (withdrawn) A nucleic acid construct for enhancing stem cells expansion, said construct comprising a first nucleic acid sequence for expression of a HOX peptide, wherein said peptide being able to cross a cell membrane, and a second nucleic acid sequence blocking expression of at least one gene normally limiting HOX-induced expansion of stem cells, whereby reducing expression level of said gene in the presence of a HOX peptide enhances expansion of stem cells, wherein said gene is a PBX1 gene.
- 10. (cancelled)
- 11. (withdrawn) The construct of claim 9, wherein said HOX peptide is a HOXB4 peptide.
- 12. (withdrawn) The construct of claim 9, wherein said stem cells are hematopoietic stem cells.

- 13. (withdrawn) The construct of claim 12, wherein said hematopoietic stem cells are human or mouse hematopoietic stem cells.
- 14. (withdrawn) The construct of claim 9, wherein said second nucleic acid sequence blocking PBX1 expression is an antisense DNA to PBX1.
- 15. (withdrawn) A composition for enhancing expansion of stem cells comprising a HOX peptide, wherein said peptide being able to cross a cell membrane, and a blocker which reduces expression level of at least one gene normally limiting HOX-induced expansion of stem cells, whereby reducing expression level of said gene in the presence of a HOX peptide enhances expansion of stem cells, wherein said gene is a PBX gene.
- 16. (cancelled)
- 17. (withdrawn) The composition according to claim 15, wherein said amino acid sequence consists of a HOXB4 peptide.
- 18. (withdrawn) The composition according to claim 15, wherein said amino acid sequence comprises an HIV-derived peptide able to cross a cell membrane.
- 19. (withdrawn) The composition according to claim 18, wherein said HIV-derived peptide consists of a NH₂-terminal protein transduction domain (PTD) from a transactivating protein.
- 20. (withdrawn) The composition according to claim 15, wherein said stem cells are hematopoietic stem cells.
- 21. (withdrawn) The composition according to claim 20, wherein said hematopoietic stem cells are human or mouse hematopoietic stem cells.

- 22. (withdrawn) The composition according to claim 15, wherein said blocker is a nucleic acid sequence blocking PBX expression.
- 23. (withdrawn) The composition according to claim 22, wherein said blocker is an antisense DNA to PBX1.
- 24. (withdrawn) A composition for enhancing expansion of stem cells comprising a nucleic acid sequence for overexpression of a HOX peptide, and a blocker which reduces expression level of at least one gene normally limiting HOX-induced expansion of stem cells, whereby reducing expression level of said gene in the presence of an overexpressed HOX peptide enhances expansion of stem cells, wherein said gene is a PBX gene.
- 25. (cancelled)
- 26. (withdrawn) The composition according to claim 24, wherein said HOX peptide is a HOXB4 peptide.
- 27. (withdrawn) The composition according to claim 24, wherein said stem cells are hematopoietic stem cells.
- 28. (withdrawn) The composition according to claim 27, wherein said hematopoietic stem cells are human or mouse hematopoietic stem cells.
- 29. (withdrawn) The composition according to claim 24, wherein said blocker is a nucleic acid sequence blocking PBX expression.
- 30. (withdrawn) The composition according to claim 29, wherein said blocker is an antisense DNA to PBX1.
- 31. (currently amended) A method for enhancing expansion of stem cells, which comprises treating stem cells_with an effective amount of a <u>stem cell expansion</u>

factor for a time sufficient to allow expansion of said stem cells said factor comprising a blocker which reduces the expression level of at least one PBX gene, whereby reducing the expression level of said PBX gene enhances expansion of stem cells containing a HOXB4 peptideas defined in claim 1, or an effective amount of a composition ;as defined in claim 15 for a time sufficient to allow expansion of said stem cells.

- 32. (cancelled)
- 33. (currently amended) The method of claim 31, further comprising a step of treating said stem cell with a HOXB4 peptide encoded by a HOXB4 nucleotide sequence.
- 34. (cancelled)
- 35. (currently amended) The method of claim 33, wherein said amino acid sequence HOXB4 peptide comprises an HIV-derived peptide able to cross a cell membrane.
- 36. (previously presented) The method of claim 35, wherein said HIV-derived peptide consists of a NH₂-terminal protein transduction domain (PTD) from a transactivating protein.
- 37. (original) The method of claim 31, wherein said stem cells are hematopoietic stem cells.
- 38. (currently amended) The method of claim 37, wherein said hematopoietic stem cells are human or mouse hematopoietic stem cells.
- 39. (currently amended) The method of any one of claims 31, 33 and 35 to 38, wherein said stem cells are treated *in vitro*, *in vivo* or *ex vivo*.
- 40. (cancelled)

- 41. (withdrawn) A method for restoring hematopoietic capability of a patient, which comprises administering a therapeutical effective amount of a factor as defined in claim 1.
- 42. (withdrawn) A method for restoring hematopoietic capability of a patient, which comprises administering a therapeutical effective amount of a construct as defined in claim 9.
- 43. (withdrawn) A method for restoring hematopoietic capability of a patient, which comprises administering a therapeutical effective amount of a composition as defined in claim 15.
- 44. (cancelled)
- 45. (new) The method of claim 31, wherein said blocker is a nucleic acid sequence blocking the expression of said at least one PBX gene.
- 46. (new) The method of claim 45, wherein said blocker is an antisense DNA to PBX1.